



SPEC FOR APPROVAL

Customer	
Model	CL-SFD281PT-06
PartNo.	
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Edition	A1

Approval	Check	Edit

Customer Signatures			



CL-SFD281PT-06



CIEL LIGHT 2835 PT940 ALS is a high sensitivity optical

sensor, in SMD package.It's the ideal substitute for traditional

CDS photosensitive resistor.

Features

- Photosensitive peak wavelength λp=940nm
- High reliability
- Low Power Consumption
- RoHS compliant RoHS

Applications

- Replacement of conventional CDS photosensitive resistors
- Suitable for all kinds of light products.
- Products which need to adjust background light automatically, LCD, mobile phone, camera, computer camera etc.
- Control all kinds of light and shadow controlled toys
- All kinds of infrared light detection and testing equipment

Customization

- Complete varieties, short production cycle, small batch inventory
- Customize different shapes and angles
- Customize most suitable specifications to make the product be more competitive



Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Electrical characteristics	Symbol	Rated Value	Unit	
Collector-emitter	VCE0 30		30 V	
Voltage	VOLO	00	v	
Emitter-Collector	VECO	6	V	
Voltage	VECO	0		
Power	PC	PC 70		
Dissipation		10	11100	
Operating	Topr	30 +85	°C	
Temperature	төрг	-50105		
Storage	Teta	-40+100	°C	
Temperature	rstg	-+01100	6	

Elector-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Photosensitive peak wavelength	λр	1		940		nm
Sensitivity wave width	λ	1	820		1100	nm
Collector-emitter Breakdown Voltage	Bvceo	Ic=100μA Ee=0mW/cm2	30			V
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	Bveco	co IE=10µA Ee=0mW/cm2				V
Collector-Emitter saturation voltage	Vce (sat)	Ic=2mA Ee=1mW/cm2			0.4	V
Photocurrent	IL(1)	VCE=5V Ee=1mW/cm2	1.0	1.7	2.5	mA
dark current	Iceo	Vce=5V Ev=0Lux			0.1	μΑ
Rise time tr		VCE=5V 15				
Fall time	tf	IC=1MA RL=1000Ω	15		40	
Emission Angle	201⁄2	IF=100mA 30			Deg.	





Reliability Test

Test Parameter	Reference Criterion	Test Condition	Time	Quantity	Ac/Re
Resistance to Soldering Heat	JESD22-B106	220℃±5℃	5 sec	22PCS	0/1
Thermal Shock	JESD22-A104	+105℃(30min)5min -40℃(30min)	100 cycles	22PCS	0/1
High Temperature storage	JESD22-A103	TC=+100°C	1000H	22PCS	0/1
Low Temperature storage	JESD22-A119	TC -40℃	1000H	22PCS	0/1
Life Test	JESD22-A108	Vce=5V	1000H	22PCS	0/1
High Temperature High Humidity	JESD22-A101	TC=85°C RH=85%	1000H	22PCS	0/1



Typical electro-optical characteristics curves



Photographic property Curve

Operating Temperature&Dark current

Curve





General application diagram







el Light

When the illumination is lower than the illumination threshold, the TR1 transistoris turned off, the TR2 transistor is turned on, and the LED is turned on. When the ambient light is greater than the light threshold, TR1 reduces the current and turns off TR2, and the LED does not conduct.



This circuit requires a sensitive thyristor . The bulb 's current is driven by the sensitive thyristor switch vacant. This current between the VC and VE pins diverts the gate current of the thyristor when the amount of light exceeds the threshold. The optical switching threshold can be adjusted by choosing different values for R2 and R3.





Package outline dimensions



Note: All dimensions in mm, tolerance is ±0.15mm unless otherwise noted





Packing

Specification

Carrier Tape

Taping 2000pcs/roll Quantity2000 pcs Per Scroll Taping product front space 50pcs, back space≥100pcs



Reel Dimensions



Note: Tolerance s unless mentioned ±0.01mm. Unit=mm



Moisture Resistant Packing Process



Label specification

Ciel Light	RoHS
Part No :	COLOR :
Lot No :	VF:
Q'ty :	IV:
Date :	λD:
BIN:	CRI:
Q.A: QC3 PASSED	38120367





Reflow

■ Reflow Soldering: Use the conditions shown in the under Figure o Reflow Soldering.



- Reflow Soldering
 - Reflow soldering should not be done more than once, or ALS will be damaged.
 - When soldering, do not put stress on the ALS during heating.
 - Please be sure the speed of the chain is 80-100cm/min (The reflow furnace is based on 8 temperature zone, the more temperature zone, the faster speed of the chain is recommended.)
- Soldering iron
 - If manual soldering is used, the use of a soldering iron of less than 25W is recommended, and the temperature of the iron must be kept below 300°C, with soldering time within 2 seconds.
 - When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating
 - The hand solder should be done only one time
 - Handing of the SMD LED should be done when the package has been cooled down to below 40°C or less. This is to prevent LED failures due to thermal-mechanical stress during handing



- Cleaning
 - It is recommended that alcohol be used as the solvent for cleaning after soldering. Cleaning should be done under 30°C for 3 minutes or 50°C for 30 seconds. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.
- Repairing
 - Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head
 soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance the characteristics of LEDs will
 not be damaged by repairing.

Note: This general guideline may not suitable for all PCB designs or configurations of all soldering equipment. The technique in practice is influenced by many factors, it should be specialized base on the PCB designs and configurations of the soldering equipment.



Precautions

Thanks for using relevant LED products of CIEL LIGHT Co., Ltd. in order to enhance your understanding of the characteristics of our products, as far as possible to reduce or avoid unnecessary damage to the product due to human factors, and make it can better service your production. We give corresponding instructions, According to the characteristic in the process of standard use. At the same time, even if the same specifications LED, in the practical application field its reliability are related to overall system design level, mode of operation and conditions of use. This Instructions can 't cover all questions may encounter during customer use process, We sincerely apologize for any inconvenience this may cause!

- Product declaration
 - In order to confirm if the product is right for using purpose, pretest is necessary before use. The product application
 introduction may contravene any patent. The corresponding import and export legal responsibility should be taken by
 customers. Please verify relevant provision about the LED product in your Target market beforehand. We may
 change specifications from time to time in the interest of product development, without prior notification or public
 announcement. An agreement of formal product specifications is required prior to mass production.

Storage

- The products are stored in sealed anti-moisture and anti-static package with moisture absorbent. Unopened package can be stored 2 months.
- Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.
- Humidity of sealed anti-static bag is subject to the humidity value shows in humidity card at the moment opening the bag. If humidity shows equal or less than 30%, the products should be baked before use.
- After opening the package, the product should be soldered within 24 hours. If not, please store at 30°Cor less
 and humidity less than 10%RH. It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of
 30 °C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.
- For the LED doesn't solder ,if the moisture absorbent material lose efficacy or the storage condition doesn't conform to the above description, baking can help some extent performance recovery .Backing condition : 65± 5 °C for 24 hours.



Static Electricity

el Light

The following operations may decrease the possibility of ESD damage.

- Minimize friction between the product and surroundings to avoid static.
- All production machinery and test instruments must be grounded.
- Operators must wear anti-static bracelets.
- Wearing anti-static garment when entering into electric devices working areas.
- All workstations that operate IC and ESD-sensitive components must maintain an electrostatic protection of 150V or less.
- The safe temperature for LEDs working
 - The high temperature will make the LED's luminous intensity deceased radically. If LED worked in high temperature environment for a long time, it would lose efficacy easily. When LEDs are working in a closed array, it is suggested that the LED's surface temperature be lower than 55°C and the pin's temperature be lower than 75°C.
- Others

• Do not touch or operate the lens surface directly, it may damage the internal circuitry. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using tweezers or appropriate tools.

• The base of LED is fragile, so please avoid scratch or friction over the epoxy resin surface. While handing the product with tweezers, do not hold by the epoxy resin, be careful.

