



Data Sheet

Customer:	
Part No:	CL-SFC609DNB-02
Sample No:	
Description:	5630 SMD Blue Color
Item No:	

Customer				
Check	Inspection	Approval	Date	





♦Features

- * Small package with high efficiency
- * Low voltage operation, Instant light
- * Long operation life
- * Lead free product
- * RoHS compliant

♦Applications:

- * Mobile phone flash
- *Automotive interior lighting
- * Automotive forward lighting
- * Architectural lighting
- * LCD TV / Monitor backlight

- * Traffic signals
- * Task lighting
- * Decorative/ Pathway lighting
- * Remote / Solar powered lighting
- *Householdappliances

Device Selection Guide

ITEM	MATERIALS
Resin	Silicon
Bonding wire	25 Em Au
Lens color	Water Clear
Dice	InGaN





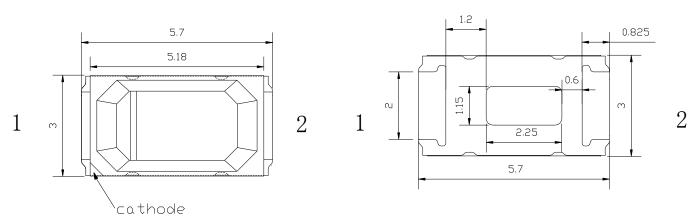
REFLECTOR COATING TYPE HIGH-PERFORMANCE

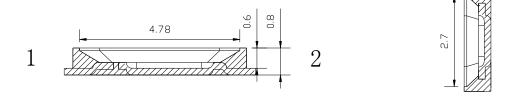
LEDs

High Performance SMD Single-Color Top LEDs

1. Dimensions

(Units):(mm)





NOTES:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches);
- 2. Tolerances are 0.2mm (0.008inch) unless otherwise noted





Absolute maximum ratings

 $(Ta=25^{\circ} C)$

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Forward current	If	150	mA
Reverse voltage	Vr	5	V
Power dissipation	Pd	0.5	W
Operating temperature range	Тор	-25~+80	° C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-30~+85	° C
Peak pulsing current (1/8 duty f=1 KHz)	Ifp	200	mA

Electro-Optical characteristics

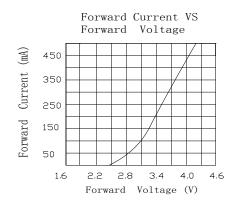
(TA=25° C)

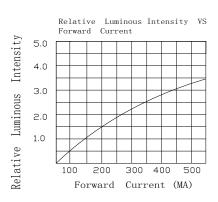
Parameter	Test Condition	Symbol		Value			Unit
	Condition			Min	Тур	Max	
Color Temperature	If=150mA	ССТ					
Forward voltage	If=150mA	Vf		3.0		3.4	V
Luminous intensity	If=150mA	ф		2500		3000	Mcd
Viewing angle at 50% IV	If=150mA	2 θ 1/2			120		Deg
Dominant wavelength	If=150mA	λd		460		465	NM
Reverse current	Vr=5V	Ir			5		μΑ

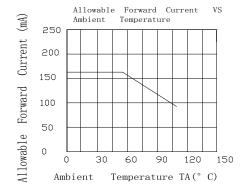


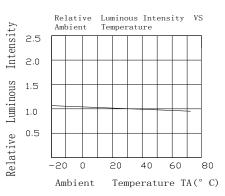


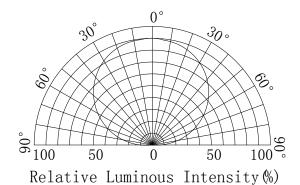
Typical photoelectricity characteristic curve chart















Reliability Test Items And Conditions

Test Items	Reference	Test Conditions	Time	Quantity	Criterion
ThermalShock	MIL-STD-202G	-40°C (30min) -100°C (30min)	100Cycles	22	0/22
Temperature	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	-10℃~65℃; 0%~90%RH	10Cycles	22	0/22
High temperature storag.	JEITA ED -4071 200 201	Ta=100℃	1000Н	22	0/22
Low temperatur storage	JEITA ED -4071 200 202	Ta=-40°C	1000Н	22	0/22
High temperature high humidity storage	JEITA ED -4071 100 103	Ta=60℃; RH=90%	1000Н	22	0/22
High temperatur life	JESD22-A108D	Ta=80°C	1000Н	22	0/22
Normal temperatu life test	JESD22-A108D	Ta=25℃ IF=150mA	1000Н	22	0/22
Resistance to soldering heat	GB/T 4937, II , 2.2&2.3	Tsol*=(240±5)°C 10secs	2 times	22	0/22

Criteria For Judging Damage

Test Items	Symbol	Test Conditions	Criteria For Judging Damage
ForwardVoltage	VF	I F=I FT	InitialData±10%
RecerseCurrent	I R	V R =5V	IR ≤10uA
LuminousIntensity	IV	I F=I FT	Average I V attenuation ≤ 30%; single I V attenuation ≤ 50%
Resistance to soldering heat			No cracks inside the material , no material bursting, peeling, no death light

^{*}Note Tsol-Temperature of tin liquid





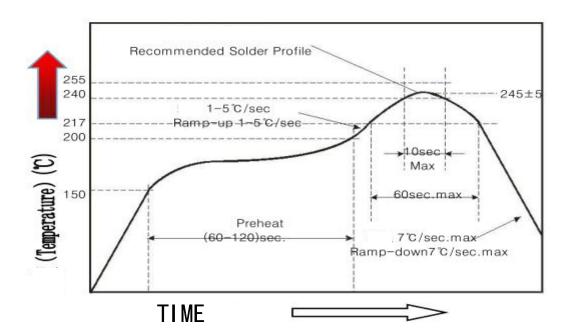
Useful hint):

1, Hand Soldering.

A soldering iron of less than 20W is recommended to be used in Hand Soldering. Please keep the temperature fo the soldering iron under $360\,^{\circ}$ C while soldering. Each terminal fo the LED is to go for less than 3 second and for one time only.

Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand soldering.

2. Reflow Soldering: Use the conditions shown in the under Figure of Pb-Free Reflow Soldering



- Reflow soldering only allowed to do once
- Stress on the LEDs should be avoided during heating in soldering process
- After soldering, do not deal with the product before its temperature drop down to room Temperature.





Precautions(1)

- 1. Storage
- Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, to keep moisture to aminimum.
- Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 60% RH, and beused within a year.
- After opening the package, the product should be stored at 30°C or less and humidity less than 10%RH, and besoldered within 24 hours (1day). It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.
- If the moisture absorbent material has fade away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition: $(70\pm5)^{\circ}$ °C for 24 hours

2. Static Electricity

Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristic such as the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current. even not light.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time, it is recommended that wrist bands or anti-electrostatic gloves, anti-electrostatic containers be used when dealing with the LEDs.





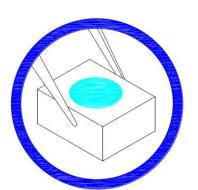
Precautions (2)

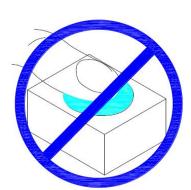
3. Vulcanization

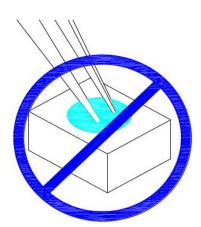
LED curing is due to sulfur being in bracket and the +1 price of silver in the chemical reaction generated Ag2S in the process. It will lead to the capacity of reflecting of silver layer reducing, light color temperature drift and serious decline ,seriously affecting the performance of the product. So we should take corresponding measures to avioding vulcanization, such as to avoid using sulphur volatile substances and keeping away from high sulphur content of the material.

Handling Precautions

1. Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry.







² Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing LEDs. PH<7

Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry

